The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 3 3. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6, 1819. New Series, No. 128

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, on Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $ 4 per Annum.

Elegant Museum of WAX-WORK.

Smith & Calloway,

RESPECTFULLY acquaint the ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that they have opened at the corner of Market street and the Diamond, a beautiful collection of WAX FIGURES, as large as life; among which the following characters are represented—

His excellency *JAMES MONROE, President of the United States*;

A striking likeness of Gen. GEORGE WASHINGTON, late President of the U. S.

COMMODORE DECATUR,

AND

CAPTAIN DAVID PORTER;

An interesting representation of the unfortunate

Colonel Davis,

Who fell at the battle of Tippecanoe, on the Wabash, attended by his Surgeon;

A striking representation of an Indian Warrior;

A Lady with her beautiful Children;

Philadelphia Beauty;

BALTIMORE BEAUTY.

A Band of Elegant

Wax-Work Musicians,

Composed of a number of boys, apparently from 12 to 14 years of age, dressed in uniform.

The mechanism of this new and extraordinary invention is so surprising, that these inanimate musicians are made to chime a number of tunes, accompanied by an elegant Organ. The music of which combination, added to the beautiful appearance of the band, is so exquisitely grand, that they never fail giving the highest satisfaction to those who witness this wonderful performance.

The Sea Serpent,

A Painting, strikingly representing this wonderful mônster of the deep, as repeatedly seen of late, near the harbour of Salem.

The Museum will be open from 9 o'clock in the morning until 9 in the evening, (Sunday excepted) and will be removed from this place in a few days.

Admittance 25 Cents—Children half price.

August 3.

N B. The above establishment with all its apparatus is offered FOR SALE, on accommodating terms—for CASH.

Storage and Commission.

WE have rented our Warehouse and resigned our business in this city to Messrs. *James W. Biddle* and *Alexander M'Vickle*, who will continue the receiving and storing of Goods, and doing all kinds of Commission Business, under the firm of *James W. Biddle & Co.*

ROBINSON, M'NICKLE & WILDS.

Pittsburgh, June 14th, 1819.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

Have for sale and intend keeping constantly on hand a large supply of

Boll'd, Bar Iron, & Castings;

WINDOW GLASS.

WRITING, WRAPPING, & LETTER PAPER:

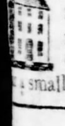
Salt, and Tobacco;

and such other articles as this market affords.

JAMES W. BIDDLE & Co.

Pittsburgh, July 31, 1819.——2aw6w

For Rent.



A house in Wood between Front and Second streets, consisting of a Store room completely finished—a large dry cellar and a convenient dwelling house for a small family attached.—Apply as above.

Notice.

WHEREAS the Governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, did by letters patent dated July 3d, 1819, incorporate the subscribers for the stock of the Monongahela Navigation Company, into one body politic.—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN;

That an election of the said stockholders will be held on Monday the sixteenth of August next, at the house of Joseph T. Noble, in the borough of Brownsville, for the purpose of electing *one President, Ten Managers, a Treasurer and a Secretary*, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary to manage the business of the company.

Jacob Bowman,
George Dawson,
George Reppart,
Henry P. Pearson,
James Tomlinson,
Commissioners.

Brownsville, July 26.

To Hatters.

A QUANTITY OF FIRST QUALITY

Racoon Skins,

FOR SALE AT

David Logan's,

Corner of Ferry and Water streets.

A cask of *assorted Pewter Dishes and Plates—very low,*

COTTON & SEINE TWINE—by the bale.

Pittsburgh, July 27

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out the court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 9th day of August next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title and interest of John Irwin (of Turtle creek) of in and to a certain tract of land situate in Pitt and Plumb townships—bounded, by lands of John Myers, Alexander M'Kinsey, Daniel Curry, Samuel Linhart and Thomas Chalfante, containing two hundred and five acres, be the same more or less—on which are erected two dwelling houses, a Grist mill and a barn, and about fifty acres of land cleared thereon.

Also all the right, title and interest of the said John Irwin, of in and to ten certain Lots or pieces of ground situate in the Town of Wilkinsburgh, in Pitt township—marked in the plan of said town, Nos. 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 154, 155, 156, 157, and 158. The said lots Nos. 42, 43, 44, 45 and 46, bounded by Main street, Ross street, Pitt street and by lot No. 41—and the said lots Nos. 154, 155, 156, 157 and 158, bounded by Ross street, by lot No. 153, by South street and by Pitt street; each of said lots containing in breadth 66 feet, and in length 264 feet, be the same more or less—on one of which said lots there is a two story frame house and kitchen, and a frame stable erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said John Irwin at the suit of Alexander Hill, William Bentley for the use of Ezekiel Harker, and Francis M'Bean assignee of Susannah Myers' Executors for the use of Jonathan Philips.

Also, by virtue of two several writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title and interest of Christian Kaufman, of in and to a certain tract or piece of land, situate in Pitt township, adjoining lands of Ambrose Ryan, John Reed and James Rogers, containing thirty acres, be the same more or less, with the appurtenances—on which a small cabbin, a small barn and a still house are erected, and about sixteen acres of land cleared thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Christian Kauffman, at the suit of James Hollingsworth.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title and interest of John M'Grew, of in and to a certain part of lot No. 213, in the city of Pittsburgh, fronting on Second street or the New Market space, 33 feet, more or less, and extending back 50 feet, more or less, bounded by Second street or the New Market space aforesaid, by lot No. 214, by another part of the said lot No. 213, and by a part thereof owned by James Liggett, on which said described part of lot No. 213, there is erected a three story brick house and frame shop.—Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said John M'Grew, at the suit of Joseph Biddle.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title and interest of John Ferree, of in and to the real estate of his father John Ferree, late of Pitt township, deceased, who died intestate, leaving a widow and six children, and who died seized of three certain tracts or pieces of land, situate in Pitt township, adjoining lands of James Horner, Robert Elliott, Dunning M'Nair, John M'Dowell, and others—containing together four hundred and fifty three acres, be the same more or less; on two of which tracts there are buildings and improvements. Seized and taken in execution as the propety of the said John Ferree at the suit of Walter Forward.

Also, by virtue a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court, and to me directed will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title and interest of Josiah W. Skelton, at the time of his death, of in and to one equal half part of the following described part of lot No. 290, in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit, fronting on Second street or the New-Market Space forty five feet, more or less, and extending back fifty feet, more or less, adjoining ground now or late of James Kerwin; on which are erected two brick houses of two stories high, and two story brick back buildings to each—subject to a yearly rent of $135. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Josiah W. Skelton, deceased, at the suit of Ezekiel Harker, and to be sold by

L. STEWART, *Sh'ff.*

Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, July 27, 1819.

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON,
Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Sugars,
Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,
Coffee mills, Window glass,
Curry combs, Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

COTTON.

71 bales Cotton for sale by

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, May 7.

Windy Works. !!

Pittsburgh Factory,

CORNER OF SMITHFIELD AND THIRD STREETS,

WHERE ARE MADE,

Forge & Tilt-hammer,

SILVER, WHITE, BLACK AND COPPER SMITH, NAILORS AND BRAZIERS

BELLOWS,

Of a quality equal to any in the United States.

Orders from any part of the Western Country filled with despatch, and shipped per order.

Liberal discounts made to merchants and others who purchase to sell again.

J. W. TREMBLY.

April 23, 1819. 2aw1m1aw3m1amtf

TWO Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will have the preference.

To the Electors of Allegeny county.

AS I have been placed before the public as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at our next election, with my full approbation, and as hints have been given in some parts of the county, that I had given up the idea of standing a poll, I consider it a duty I owe myself to state thus publicly, that I have not declined. The duties of a very confining business have prevented me from making that personal declaration to my fellow citizens, which has become usual on these occasions, yet I trust, that as my whole life has been passed in this county, sufficient information as to my qualifications or unfitness for the office, may be easily acquired by any individual who may think fit to make the enquiry. If the citizens of Allegheny shall think proper to favor me with their voice on the day of election, I shall feel highly gratified, for more reasons than one; if another of the candidates be preferred to me, I shall acquiesce without a murmur, convinced that every member of our society ought to exercise independenly, the full right of suffrage.

Your humble serv't.
MORGAN NEVILLE.

Pittsburgh, July 6.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

FELLOW CITIZENS—My name has appeared amongst a number of others in the public prints of this place, as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the next election, and as I have been well assured that when I was spoken of at a political meeting lately held, it was publicly stated that I had declined standing a poll for that office, I think it right to mention that as I did not offer myself at first, neither did I ever say or hint to any person that I intended to decline. The compliment of having been mentioned by my fellow citizens in that way, is too flattering to be lightly treated—But as it is the privilege of every citizen to exercise his own judgement on the day of election, I should think solicitation would be rather offensive than pleasing, and will therefore only observe, that I feel grateful for being put in nomination,, and shall be highly so if successful.

I am yours very respectfully,
JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, July 23.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

FELLOW CITIZENS—As I have been placed before the public as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at our next election, with my full approbation, I now state publicly that I have determined to stand the poll, and do hereby solicit your votes. The necessary attention to my business through these times of difficulty, has hitherto prevented me from making that personal declaration to you, which has become so usual on such occasions; yet I trust that as my whole life has been passed in this county, and as I once had the honor of serving you in the Sheriff's Office, sufficient information as to my qualifications may be easily acquired. If the citizens of Allegheny county should favor me with their voice on the day of election, I shall remember with gratitude this mark of public confidence.

WM. M'CANDLESS.

July 16.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

Fellow Citizens,

NOTWITHSTANDING the repeated assertions of *some* that I had declined standing a pole altogether; and of *others* that I had suffered my name to be mentioned merely for the purpose of promoting the election of a favorite candidate; I now candidly and honestly assure you that I mean to be one of the *disinterested* twelve who have solicited your votes. In short it would be no small gratification to me to be your next sheriff., I, in the mean time, fully convinced that you will exercise your judgement on the occasion, remain whether successful or unsuccessful

Your Fellow Citizen,
WILLIAM LECKY.

Pittsburgh, July 16.

For Sale,

AN unexpired term of FOUR YEARS of the SHOP, &c. occupied by the subscriber, in Wood street, two doors below Col. Hunter's tavern.

This is amongst the most eligible stands for business in the city—The tenant has the privilege of removing the house at the end of the term. A reasonable credit will be given for the purchase money. Apply to James M. Riddle, in the Diamond, or to the subscriber on the premises.

E. G. NELSON.

July 16.

George Miltenberger,

Bell & Brass Founder,

COPPER-SMITH,

TIN-PLATE & SHEET-IRON WORKER,

Front street, next door to the Post-Office,

Respectfully informs the public that he manufactures and keeps always on hand,

BELLS,

or Churches, Court-houses, Academy's Factory's, Taverns, etc.

Warranted equal to any in the United States—

STILLS,

Of all sizes—Wash, Hatters, Plank, Dye, Stew & Tea

Kettles;

Still-cocks, Rivets, Solder, Block Tin, Spelter, Sheet Brass and Sheet Iron,

With a large and general assortment of

Tin Ware.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1819——tf

At a meeting of the board of Trustees of the Western University of Pennsylvania, It was

Resolved, That notice be given by the Managers in the newspapers published at Pittsburgh, Butler and Mercer to all persons indebted to the late Pittsburgh Academy to pay the sums respectively due by them on or before the first day of September next; and that suits shall immediately after that date be commenced against all delinquents, without respect to persons.

Adopted, 5th July, 1819.

WM. WILKINS, *Sec'y.*

Agreeably to the above resolution the undersigned Managers give notice to all persons residing in Butler and Mercer counties who are indebted to the late Pittsburgh Academy, to pay the debts due by them respectively to Mr. ABNER BARKER, and to those residing in Pittsburgh and its vicinity to pay to Mr. GEORGE POE, Jr.

ABNER BARKER,
PETER MOWRY,
GEORGE POE, JR.

Pittsburgh, July 27, 1819.

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additiona supply of

New Music and Musical INSTRUMENTS.

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

Monongahela Bridge.

Pittsburgh, July 26, 1819.

THE Building Committee of the Monongahela Bridge, invite PROPOSALS for erecting a Brick Building on the north abutment, intended as a Toll House and residence of the gatekeeper.

The Committee desire that the proposals may embrace all the various work necessary to complete the building. They will be received until the 20th of next month, by the President and Treasurer of the company.

At the office of the former, the plan and elevation may be seen.

By order of the Board.

JOHN THAW.

I WILL SELL,

And take stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh in payment,

NINE ACRES of ground on the bank of the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, and about 200 yards below Robinson's Ferry—Also a Lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

Wants a Situation,

BY a steady, active young man, who is well qualified to take charge of a Steam-Boat, on any of the western waters. Very respectable references will be given.

All letters (post paid) directed to the office of the Baltimore Patriot, will be duly attended to.

June 29.

SELDEN & M'NAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pttsburgh, May 4, 1819.

JOHN RENO,

Front, between Market and Wood Steeets, has on hand and for sale, a general assortment of

GROCERIES, &c.

OLD MADEIRA, Sicily, Teneriffe, Lisbon, Cogniac Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Old Whiskey, Country Gin, Best green coffee in bags and barrels, Young hyson Tea, Loaf, Lump, New-Orleans, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, Cinnamon, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Allum, Rosin, Chalk, Raisins in boxes, Soft shelled Almonds, Shaving Soap, Best Spanish and Country Segars, Sup. Royal, No. 5, Royal, 5, Cap, 2 & 3, Post, Large and small wrapping, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12, Window Glass,

(Wines. Sugars. Papers.)

Kentucky Tobacco,

Dupont's best Brandywine POWDER.

All of which are offered on liberal terms.

☞ Good HOGS LARD, in kegs, and other Produce taken in exchange for the above.

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1818. tf

Storage and Commission Business.

Matthias Winans & Andrew M. January

HAVING entered into partnership to transact the above business, under the firm of

WINANS & JANUARY,

as successors to the late firm of Samuel January, Sen. & Co. They hope from their knowledge of said business, and by care and strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

They have on hand and for sale, a large quantity of

BAR & NAIL IRON—assorted.

Castings—assorted,
Cut Nails—assorted sizes,
Wrought ditto ditto
Iron Wire Sieves, & Riddles, different Nos.
Iron Wire Screens, ditto ditto
White Lead in Oil,
Prime Glazed Rifle Powder,
A large quantity of Copperas,

Groceries & Liquors, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Books and Stationary, etc.

All of which will be sold low for CASH, or on reasonable credits.

Maysville, April 17, 1819.——M116m

Dissolution of Partnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Samuel January, Sen. & Co.* has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to Samuel A. January, who is authorised to settle the business, and those having claims against said firm will please call on him for payment.

Samuel January, Sen.
Samuel A. January,
Peter T. January.
Andrew M. January.

Maysville, April 17, 1819. M116m

Louisville Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that conformably to an act of the Legislature of the commonwealth of Kentucky, approved January 31st 1818 the Louisville Insurance Company have been duly organized, and that one hundred thousand dollars of its capital have been paid in, and that this company are now ready to make Insurance on Vessels, Boats or Crafts navigating the Western waters, and upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize transported thereon.

THOMAS PRATHER, Pres't.

F. E. GODDARD, Secretary.

Louisville May 4. 257

Bank of the United States.

JULY 14, 1819.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BANK OF THE UNITED STATES,

THAT in pursuance of the thirteenth article of the eleventh section of the Act of Incorporation, a general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at their Banking House, in the city of Philapelphia, on Monday, the first day of November next, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JONATHAN SMITH, Cashier.

Extract from the said thirteenth article.

"Half yearly dividends shall be made of so much of the profits of the bank, as shall appear to the Directors advisable; and once in every three years, the Directors shall lay before the stockholders, at a general meeting for their information, an exact and particular statement of the debts which shall have remained unpaid after the expiration of the original credit, for a period of treble the term of that credit, and of the surplus of the profits, if any, after deducting losses and dividends. ——c1ts.

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, on Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
30 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl.

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks. Drawing Chains &c. &c.

July 16, 1819.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6, 1819.

In the remarks which we feel it our duty to make occasionally on the aspect of the times, it is difficult, we are aware, to say any thing either very new or very striking. The sad causes which have led to our present embarrassments are too obvious to be mistaken; yet it may be useful to keep them before the eye with painful distinctness, lest we indulge a hope, which is very apt to steal in upon us, that palliatives will be sufficient to remedy the evils under which we labour.

Referring then to the great subject of manufactures, we cannot repress a feeling of pain at what we conceive to be the short-sighted views of those who are indignant at the idea of excluding foreign goods, because they can at the present moment be bought cheaper than domestic articles. Aside from all other considerations, it is unquestionable that the present prices of foreign commodities cannot in fairness be regarded as those which we are permanently to pay when the market becomes settled. Whatever may have been the cause of the superabundant supply which has been thrown into the United States; whether it proceed from a combination against our domestic establishments, or be the result of hasty shipments at hazard after a long suspension of trade, before our wholesome wants could be ascertained, it is quite evident that it cannot long continue. Foreign manufacturers will hardly be mad enough to make a business of vending goods below the actual cost of fabrication. It seems that at present they are not able to pay even the wages of their workmen.—Every newspaper from England brings fresh accounts of riots in the manufacturing districts, and complaints of distress and starvation. She has bitterly experienced the folly of dealing with an insolvent people, and will be more cautious in future. Our market will no longer be glutted to such a degree that sales cannot be made at auction *at any price*. The fact is, that business has already in a great measure ceased. Manufacturing has, in England, long been the favourite branch of industry with the government and its encouragement has led to the investment in it of too great an amount of capital. It has been *over done*, as commercial and agricultural pursuits with us. The great aim now is to *wind up*. All the British agents to the eastward are engaged in collecting dues and making claims safe, in which they succeed so badly, that we observe numerous letters to their friends abroad complaining sadly of our laws in presenting difficulties to the recovering of money, and offering the greatest facilities to fraud. This state of things they might have anticipated had they consulted one of their own most intelligent writers, himself a merchant, and also a member of parliament, who timely warned them against the course which they have pursued to their own ruin, and to our temptation and fall. "The balance of trade, therefore *cannot* continue for a very long time to be either highly favorable or highly unfavorable to a country. For that balance must be paid in specie or else must *constitute a debt*. To suppose a very great balance to be paid year after year in specie is to assume such a diminution of it in one country and such an accumulation of it in another as are not easy to be imagined."

"There is a customary length of credit in foreign parts which the British exporter, however, overflowing his capital may be is not very willing to enlarge.—And events fail not occasionally to arise which remind him of the danger of committing too great a portion of his capital into the hands of those who are *not subject to the same laws with himself*, and whose country may suddenly be involved at any moment in a war with Great Britain (Thornton's inquiry into the nature and effects of the paper credit of Great Britain p. 96 Amer. ed.) Many of the British manufacturers who have rashly exported to this country must fail, and those who survive will certainly not continue to do business unless they can realise a fair profit on the capital employed. A change will be effected by a withdrawal of the exuberant capital. The importations hereafter to be made will be for cash or at short payments, and the comparatively few merchants of the U. States who have sustained their credit will be able to impose their own prices on the commodities which they obtain under such disadvantageous circumstances — What number of the present storekeepers of the western country will be trusted—after past experience, by eastern merchants who have made a rigorous bargain and are bound by interest and honor to meet their engagements with punctuality? one perhaps in a thousand. It will no longer be in the power of every individual who breathes the nitrous oxide gas of speculation to abandon the employment for which habit has qualified him & become in a twinkling a dashing shopkeeper. The merchants of the east have been taught the same lesson as *their* foreign creditors. We in the west are the consumers, for whom importations have been made; and if we are insolvent the fountain heads of the stream of payment are of course dried up. A dunning British agent looks with infinate disdain at a long catalogue of debts due from "over the mountains." He has probably a vague idea of a place called Ohio derived from some unhappy collector of money who has trotted from town to town, in that land of shrewd longsided people, and whose only permanent impression is one of vexation at a pestilent law whereby you cannot sell out a scoundrel debtor unless his bit of land will bring two thirds of the appraisement, made by a junto of his compassionate neighbors. From the universal spirit of distrust it must follow that goods will be scarcer and of course dearer. We can reply satisfactorily, we think, to those who tell us with a profound look, that the evil according to our own shewing does thus in fact correct itself. At present we only ask an admission that no fair criterion of prices can be obtained from the present state of the market.—The great difficulty experienced by the friends to manufactures arises from a stubborn popular prejudice against regulations which seem perversely to enhance the price of articles at this season of distress, and this to aid a description of persons who practised extortion during the war. A moment's candid reflection must remove the prejudice and open the eyes of the people to their real permanent interest; but it is a matter of importance that this be "done quickly" for at present our representatives are influenced & decided by the prevalent language. Now is the critical moment. An immense capital is mouldering. Desert the manufacturers, and when can we expect that reasoning discreet men will again put their fortunes at jeopardy? Is the vital interest of the country to be lost sight of that we may be able to indulge extravagance for a season, in depreciated foreign commodities? Infatuated people! like Hercules we escaped the dangers which threatened our infancy; but like him are heedlessly putting on the vestment which *treachery* tenders to us.

From the Boston Patriot.

Yankee Tars at their old Tricks—"We learn that a letter is received in town from Mocha, via Alexandria and Leghorn, dated 22d January, stating that the ships Fawn and O'Cain of Boston, Emily, of Baltimore, and brig Syren, of Newbury, were then in that port, and that about the first of December, a piratical vessel from the Gulph of Persia, appeared off the place;—that the Governor called on the masters of the above vessels for assistance in case the pirates should come in and commit any depredations, stating that the fort was not strong enough to defend the place against her, should any acts of hostility be committed, that the pirate did come in and took two vessels belonging to the place, one valued at 100,000 dollars, and were towing them out, when the American vessels opened a fire upon them (each having a few guns) and in about 15 minutes one of the prizes was sunk, the other retaken, and the pirate captured in a sinking condition; that the piratical vessel mounted 22 guns, and had 150 men, all of whom were shackled with irons, marched into town and delivered by the Americans to the Governor. Before the action the Americans were treated with contempt, & frequently had dirt thrown upon them as they passed the streets, but they have since been treated with great civility and respect."

This intelligence brings forcibly to the mind, an era dear to the feelings of every true American—an era when the red cross of old Albion bowed in homage to the star spangled banner. So long as American bravery is thus exerted, in chastising insolence, repressing lawless depredation, and extending protection to the injured, so long will it receive the congratulations & plaudits of the world. The credentials delivered by the hand of glory are brilliant and luminous, but unless they are sanctioned by the seal of justice they lose their lustre. Courage is a luminary in the moral world, that like the sun in the physical, warms, enlightens, cheers and invigorates, when it moves in its allotted sphere; the laws of attraction and of repulsion, the laws by which the planetary world is held together, are not of more binding force than those of justice in the moral world. The host of Amercian naval heroes who have given such glory to the name of their country, have created a sensation, that makes old Albion tremble. Look at the late debates in the House of Lords, on the augmentation of the British navy! The speakers on both sides of the question, never notice the navy of Holland, of Spain, of France, or even of Russia: they do not give to their navies, either conjoint or separate, one moment's regard. The American navy is that formidable opponent, agaisnt which they bend all their vengeance, and they are now adopting our mode of building frigates. We hope that this fact will not be overlooked by Mr. Jeffrey, in his next Edenburgh Review.

Baltimore Morn. Chron.

Translated for the New-York Columbian.

EXTRAORDINARY THEFT.

On the first day of March a most extraordinary theft was committed in the conventual church of St. Francis Assissee, after the celebration of a solemn funeral service for the late Queen of Spain, Isabella de Breganza. The decorations of this occasion are estimated to have cost two millions of Real Vellon (about $100,000.) When the officiating bishop had concluded the service, his pontifical robe and ornaments, according to the established custom of Spain, were laid on massy plates of silver, and the whole place on the table called *credential* by some of the prelate's pages. Immediately a person advanced and made a most profound reverence towards the altar took the plates, the rich ornaments of gold and embroidery, the mitre, ornamented with precious stones, & the black cope which had been expressly made for this occasion, and carried the whole off!

Through the church, and for a considerable distance outside, he had to proceed through a double line of soldiers, who permitted him to pass without interruption, thinking him to be employed in carrying the episcopal roses, &c. to the bishop's house. The prelate's servants not finding in the sicristy either the plates or the ornaments, also believed that the man who took them off the table was a servitor of the convent, and that he had carried them off to the bishop's. The illusion soon ceased; and nothing can equal the astonishment of the people, at the cool, audacious, calculating habits of this sacriligious thief, who completely escaped with his prize, and has not since been heard of.

From the Boston Centinel, July 20.

SPANISH TREATY.

By the Laura Ann, at New-York, lieut. Ward, in Boston, received a letter from an officer on board the Hornet. The following is an extract:

"Cadiz, June 6, 1819.

"Here we are and probably shall remain for five or six weeks. We yesterday received letters from Capt. Reed, at Madrid, on the 29th ult. the Treaty was not ratified—some are doubtful whether it will be or not."

As the five million of dollars is not supposed to be sufficient to satisfy all the claims of the merchants for property confiscated, with interest, and the Spanish government being discharged from any balance of claims, the delay of ratification will be at the loss of the interest by our merchants, and suspense under the present embarrassments in commercial affairs must promote uneasiness. Government has probably received some advices concerning the treaty by the late arrivals, and after their experience it is natural to infer will not endure cavilling.

ZANESVILLE, (O.) July 28.

DARING ROBBERY.

On Wednesday of last week, as Mr. Joseph Taylor, of the house of Elder & Taylor, merchants in Baltimore, was returning home from this town and having progressed about 38 miles, he was attacked by three villains, one of whom presented a pistol to his breast, threatening him with instant death in case of noise or resistance. In this unhappy dilemma Mr. Taylor thought submission was prudence. The rascals then blindfolded him and led him a considerable distance into the adjoining woods, tied him to a tree and then rifled him of all his money, amounting to between two and three thousand dollars.

The assault on Mr. Taylor was made at about one o'clock in the day: yet they kept him tied and blindfolded and remained with him until nine at night; when they loosed him under an injunction that he should remain stationary for ten minutes upon peril of his life.

Much credit is due to the inhabitants residing in the part of the country near where the robbery was committed, for their prompt and spirited exertions in apprehending these scoundrels. We have no doubt that several hundreds were actively employed in this praiseworthy task and we are happy in stating that their exertions have been crowned with success. On Saturday they were apprehended in Newark, about 26 miles westwardly from this place, and on Sunday they were brought to this town, under a sufficient escort, on their way to Guernsey Jail, the county wherein the crime was committed, and where they are safely secured to await their trial. Something more than 2,500 dollars was found with them. They are strangers in this part of the country, but we learn that they call themselves Jones, Green and Jenkins.

A DUEL

Was fought, on Friday morning last, in the neighborhood of Frankfort, by Mr. *Francis Waring*, a young gentleman from Virginia, and Mr. *J. H. Holeman*, one of the editors of the 'Commentator.' The cause which gave rise to the difference was of the most trivial kind; but the result is serious. Mr. Waring received his antagonist's ball in the right breast, passing through his heart, and instantly became the victim of death. Mr. Holeman was shot through the hips. The wound is very bad, but it is not considered mortal.

LORD BYRON.

We copy the following letter from his lordship from Galignani's Messenger, an English Daily paper, of much repute, which is published in Paris:

To the the Editor of Galignani's Messenger.

SIR.—In various numbers of your Journal, I have seen mentioned a work entitled "The Vampire," with the addition of my name as that of the author. I am not the author, and never heard of the work in question until now. In a more recent paper, I perceive a formal annunciation of "The Vampire," with the addition of an account of my "Residence in the Island of Mytylene," an Island which I have occasionally sailed by, in the course of travelling some years ago through the Levant, & where I shall have no objections to reside, but where I have never yet resided. Neither of these performances are mine, and I presume that it is neither unjust nor ungracious that you will favour me by contradicting the advertisement to which I allude. If the book is clever, it would be base to deprive the real writer, whoever he may be, of his honour; and if stupid, I desire the responsibility of nobody's dullness but my own.

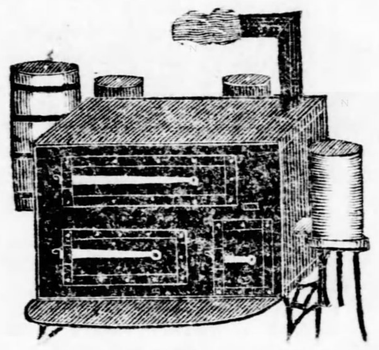
You will excuse the trouble I give you—the imputation is of no great importance, and as long as it was confined to surmises and reports, I should have received it, as I have many others—in silence. But the formality of a public advertisement of a book I never wrote, and a residence where I never have resided, is too much; particularly as I have no notion of the contents of the one, or the incidents of the other. I have, besides, a personal dislike to Vampires, and the little acquaintance I have with them would by no means induce them to divulge their secrets.

You did me a much less injury by your pargraphs about my "devotion" and "abandonment of society for the sake of religion," which appeared in your Messenger during last lent; all of which are not founded on fact; but you see I do not contradict them, because they are merely personal, whereas the others in some degree concern the reader.

You will oblige me by complying with my request of contradiction; I assure you that I know nothing of the work or works in question; and have the honour to be, (as the correspondents to Magazines say) "your constant reader," and very obedient humble servant.

Venice. BYRON.

Charles Postley's Patent



COOKING STOVE

OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HENRY MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors from the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comprises every necessary article of apparatus for an extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do the cooking for small or large families, public houses and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simple in their construction as to be managed with ease by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baking, roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency of meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to make a dinner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the same time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread.

A wooden vessel containing from twenty to fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boiling, for the purposes of washing, &c. All these are done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having got into very general use at the eastward, within 2 or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of New-York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale and general approbation they have met with since their first introduction last winter, west of the mountains, are sufficient testimonials of their utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the patentee the right for making and vending said Stoves in the Western country, is ready to execute with punctuality and despatch, all orders at his Manufactory, as above, where also may be had, Cast and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, Offices, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons residing in different parts of the country, have opened a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also appointed agents, as follows—OHIO, N. C. Findly, Zanesville; James Effinger, Lancaster; John M'Coy, Chilicothe. KENTUCKY, Samuel January, Sen. & Co. Maysville; J. & P. Dudley, Frankfort; J. B Bowles, Louisville; Luther Stephens & Co. Lexington. TENNESSEE, Joseph Litton, Nashville. INDIANA, James Cochran, Madison. LOUISIANA, James C. Wilkins, Natchez. MISSOURI TERRITORY, Messrs. Neal and Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co.

May 7, 1819.

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE or sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs* of all *sizes*, from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the mannfacturing prices, with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs received and attended to.

cPittsburgh, October 22

Pittsburgh Prices Current.

corrected weekly for the Gazette,

Articles	From	D.	C. to	D.	C.
ALE,	doz.		3		3 50
Ashes pot,	lb.		6½		
—— pearl,			8		
Anchors,			25		
Bacon, Kentucky,			10		12
—— country,			12½		
Bottles,	groce	24			
Bread, crackers,	cwt.	7			
—— pilot,		5			
Butter,	lb.		12		15
Candles, mould, tallow,			25		
—— dipt,			20		
Castings assorted,	ton	120		125	
Cheese,	lb.		12½		18
Coffee,					40
Cotton,			34		37
Cordage,			12½		16
Cider,	bbl.	2	50	3	
Cloth, Steub. sup.	yard	8			11
—— do. com.		5	50		
—— Pitts. sup.		7	50		9
—— do. com.		4	50		
—— country,					
Clover seed	bush.	10			
Feathers,	lb.		62½		
Flax, clean,			12½		15
—— seed,	bush.		62		75
Flour, wheat, sup.	bbl.	6			
—— com.		5			
—— rye,	cwt.	1	87	2	
—— corn meal,		1	50	1	75
Fur, Beaver,	lb.	3		4	
Glass, Pitt. man. 100 sq. feet. 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 12 by 14	box	10			
		11			
		14			
Grain, wheat,	bush	1			
—— rye			50		62½
—— barley,			62½		75
—— corn,			40		50
—— oats,			31		37½
Glue,	lb.		25		30
Gunpowder,			40		45
Iron, Juniata,	ton	200		210	
—— Monongahela,		180			
—— hoop, large,		235		240	
—— do. small,		250			
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.		20		
—— do. foreign,			22		
Lead, pig,			7		
—— bar,			9		
—— red,					
—— white, dry			19		
—— ground in oil,	cwt.	22			
Lumber, boards, pine,	100f.		75	1	75
—— do. oak,		1		2	50
Leather, soal, Spanish,			38		40
—— do. country,	lb.		31		33½
—— upper,	side	3		3	50
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.		14½		19
—— wrought,			22		25
—— spikes					
Oil linseed,	gal.		87½		
—— fish	bbl.	40			
Pork,		20			
Porter, bottled,	doz.		3		
—— barrell,			9		
Plaster of Paris,	ton				
Pipes,	groce	5			
Paper, writing, No. 1,	ream	4	50		
—— do. 2,			4		
—— do. 3,			3	50	
—— printing demy,			3		
—— do. medium.		3	50		
—— do. royal,			4		
—— do. sup. royal,		4	50		
Peach, Brandy.	gal.		75		
Salt, Connemaugh,	bbl.	7	50		
—— Lake,					
—— Kenhawa,		7	50		
Segars, Spanish,	box	10			16
—— American,	1000	2	50		
Shot, all sizes,	lb.		12		
Skin, Deer,			16		
—— muskrat,	skin		22		
—— racoon,			40		55
Steel, Crowley,	fag.	30		35	0
—— American,		23		25	
—— German,	lb.		25		
—— blistered,	cwt.	17			
Soap, white,	lb.		15		
—— rosin,			15		
Sugar, N. Orleans.			18		22
—— country,			16		
—— loaf,			34		
—— lump,			32		
Spanish brown, dry,	cwt.	5			
Salt Petre, crude,			20		25
—— refined,			33		37½
Shingles, pine, joint,	1000				
—— oak, lap,					
Staves, hogshead,					
—— barrel,					
Tallow,			12		13
Tobacco, Kentucky,			14		18
—— Pittsburgh			20		25
—— leaf,			10		12
Tin, in boxes,	box	23		25	
—— block,	lb.		30		
Wool Merino, clean,			50		62
—— fleece,					
—— half breed,					
—— quarter,					
—— common, clean,			30		
—— fleece,					
Wax, bees,			25		
Whiskey, rye.	gal.		45		

FRESH PROVISION MARKET.

Beef,	lb.	5	5½
Pork,		5	5½
Veal,		8	
Mutton,		8	
Turkeys,	piece		
Ducks	pair		
Chickens,		25	
Butter,	lb.	16	
Eggs,	doz.	18	
Fish,	lb.	12½	

THE PITTSBURGH

Manufacturing Association,

HAVE RECEIVED

For Sale at their Warehouse in Wood street

50 barrels Superfine

FLOUR,

30 ditto Country Sugar.

Notes of the Bank of Beaver, received in ment for Flour—and New-Lisbon, Canton Cleaveland in part for Sugar.

August 3.

D. & J. Chute,

Have just received a good assortment of

SHOES,

Suitable for the season. They also, daily pect a new arrival.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday, August 6, 1819.

We are authorised to state, that JAMES M. RIDDLE, is a Candidate for the office of Auditor for Allegheny county.

AT a large and respectable meeting of the citizens of Pittsburgh, convened at the house of J. B. Oliver, on Saturday the 24th of July 1819, for the purpose of forming a ticket for the approaching election on liberal and impartial principles, JOHN DARRAGH, Esq. was called to the *Chair*, and JAMES M. RIDDLE, appointed *Secretary*.

Resolved, That this meeting, aware of the delicacy and responsibility of the measure, but knowing that nominations must commence somewhere, take the liberty of recommending the following ticket for the next election, to the consideration of their fellow citizens.—At the same time they suggest the propriety of the inhabitants of the villages & townships of the county to meet together and put in nomination the names of fit persons to fill any office, in order that the electors may have the greater choice.

Senator for four years,
SAMUEL POWER;
Senator for two years.
JOHN SCULL.
Assembly,
WILLIAM WILKINS,
JOHN GILMORE,
GARRET WALL,
LAZARUS STEWART.
Commissioner,
JAMES SAMPLE.
Auditor,
ROBERT SIMPSON.

Resolved, That this meeting think it improper to interfere in any way with the choice of the people as to the sheriffalty of the county.—There are the names of several very worthy and respectable characters before the public, for that important office in these times of great embarrassment and distress, and they leave it to the free electors of the county to make their own selection.

Resolved, That the Editors of the Mercury, Gazette, and Statesman, be respectfully requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

Signed, by order of the Meeting,
JOHN DARRAGH, *Chairman.*
ATTEST.
JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Secretary.*

Public attention has been very seriously awakened of late on the subject of the credit allowed to the purchasers of government lands. The period of final settlement has been successively postponed until a very enormous debt has accumulated. During the last session of Congress a bill introduced by Mr. King, of New-York, to alter the mode of payment, passed the senate, but was lost in the other house, through the exertions of General Harrison, and Mr Jones of Tennessee. The *National Intelligencer* has taken a very zealous part in this discussion, and views with much alarm the annual additions made to this overgrown claim of the government upon its citizens. In the Kentucky Reporter, we notice an article on this subject, which is written with point, and is calculated to awaken very serious reflections. So far as *our* interests are concerned it certainly would be advantageous to western Pennsylvania that some check should be put to the facility with which the United States lands may be taken up. Emigrants *look on* our country with coldness. They *pass by* a cheap and good soil, a good market, and a salubrious climate, allured to a land of rank fertility but of a feverish atmosphere, which few northern constitutions are able to withstand.

The writer in the Kentucky Reporter professes to consider this accumulation of debt as "the most portentous evil that ever existed in America: *it threatens a dissolution of the union.* The debts which it has already produced will be a source of almost endless and infinite embarrassments to the general government. Year after year will indulgence be *entreated*, till our strength will enable us to *demand* it, in a voice of thunder.—There is no motive which has an influence so general and powerful over the human mind as interest—and hence the maxim that nothing strengthens a government and secures its permanency more effectually than its being largely in debt to numerous and influential members of the community. Reverse the case—shift the debt to the other side—and will not the effect be reversed also? Let numberless individuals of every description, from the most wealthy, intelligent and influential, down to those who are the reverse, be deeply indebted to the government of the Union, and will they not be in some measure disinclined to support it? Will they not very naturally become disaffected? Let nine tenths of these people reside in a peculiar section of the Union; let that section be preeminently well situated for the formation of a separate government; let the existence of the debt depend on the continuance of the Union; let the doctrine be advanced and enforced by every press and orator in that quarter, that the other states had no just and natural right to the property for which the debt was incurred, while those states insist rigidly on an enforcement of the collection; and where will the bonds be found sufficiently strong to hold us together? They do not exist! No people are more patriotic & firmly attached to the government of the Union than those of the west; the idea of a separation has never been indulged; it is literally abhorred; but their patriotism and fidelity are not invincible. When it becomes their interest to separate, the plausible arguments & motives by which it may be enforced are numerous and powerful, and will render its influence irresistible. Let not, therefore, the general government credit the people of the west to the amount of fifty or a hundred millions of dollars, if it would not foolishly drive them into a declaration of independence—for that will inevitably be the result. The Rubicon is not yet passed; but we now stand upon the shore, and it depends on the measures to be adopted by the next Congress whether we shall remain a peaceful, happy and united people, or advance with a steady and certain pace to civil war and dissolution of the Union."

The Circuit Court of the United States for the district of Columbia, lately decided, that the real owner of a bank note which had been cut to be sent by mail, might recover the whole sum secured by the instrument though one half the note should miscarry. The bank had refused to pay more than half the sum conceiving that they would be liable, by custom, to pay the balance when the other part of the note was produced. But the court said,

"In this case the note must be considered, by being severed, as destroyed.—The half of a bank note is not a negociable instrument, and could give no title to a bona fide holder, who received it after it was severed, to recover upon it. As it is admitted that the plaintiff was the real owner of the note, when its negociability ceased, by being cut in two, he is entitled to recover the whole amount from the bank."

It is stated in a Philadelphia paper, that a principal part of the cargo of the brig Hope, lately arrived at that port from London, consists of *cast iron pipes* ordered from England by the directors of the water works!

A harsh but powerful line from the Bard of Avon, quoted in the last Gazette, occurred at the moment as forcibly descriptive of the universal gloom and prostration which must follow the ruin of our manufactures. Perhaps the whole passage may be applicable, when we see persons who seem to look with an invidious feeling at the offerings of their brethren on the domestic altar.—

"Let one spirit of the first born *Cain*
"Reign in all bosoms: that each heart being set
"On bloody courses the rude scene may end,
"*And darkness be the burier of the dead.*"

TO THE EDITORS OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

On Female Education and the Harmony Seminary.

When we consider how much the happiness or misery of our lives depends upon the conduct of the weaker sex, we must acknowledge the importance of their education. No parent can expect that daughter to secure respectability to herself, reflect credit upon him or communicate satisfaction to others, whose mind he has permitted to remain in ignorance, whose manners have never been modelled to propriety, whose reason has never been taught to govern her passions, or to whose understanding the evils of vice and the advantages of virtue have never been disclosed. Nature may have made her handsome and accident rich, but if she be ignorant or vicious, she can never be useful, she never can be esteemed.—But the woman whose mind has been formed to the principles of virtue, and well grounded in useful knowledge, though she may not be gifted with the allurements of high finished beauty, or surrounded with the splendors of wealth and rank, is undoubtedly better calculated to fulfil her duties in society, whether as a daughter, a wife, a mother, or a neighbour, and consequently more likely to promote her own happiness, and that of her connexions, than she whose principles are unformed, whose education has been neglected, however beautiful her person, reputable her birth or abundant her fortune. Wealth alone can never confer knowledge, nor beauty virtue, and without knowledge and virtue no woman was ever yet a desirable companion, a useful member of society, or a respectable neighbour.

A proper education alone can supply those requisites so essential to a woman's usefulness and happiness in the world.—And the parent who will not give his daughter such an education when he can afford it, betrays the trust which *God* and nature repose in him, and is neither a good father nor a good citizen.

It is not indeed in every country that a well conducted Seminary for female education is to be found; in countries destitute of them, the state of society is always defective, and the condition of the women more or less unhappy, but where they do exist, their existence should be hailed by every parent as a blessing, and every exertion made to procure for our young females the advantages they afford.

These observations are elicited by a visit I lately made to the Female Seminary established at Harmony, in Butler county. This promises to become one of the most useful institutions of the kind in the western country. The situation is healthy and pleasant, the building spacious and substantial and the surrounding scenery agreeable and romantic. The rev. Allan D. Campbell, a gentleman of high literary attainments has lately undertaken the management of the institution. The choice of the teachers and the regulation of the whole internal discipline and manner of tuition have devolved on him, and I am persuaded they could not have fallen into more able and judicious hands. Under the management of such a person the seminary cannot fail to gain rapidly upon the public estimation. It is calculated to be of great and permanent utility to this portion of the union; and every admirer of female accomplishments, every friend to the improvement of the female mind in knowledge, and in virtue must view its prosperity with pride and satisfaction, and acknowledge that those gentlemen whose exertions have brought it to its present state of maturity, deserve the approbation and gratitude of all who wish well to their country.

BURTON.

GOLD AND SILVER.

It is not generally known, that after the first of November next, agreeably to a law passed the last session of Congress, no foreign *Gold Coin* will be a legal tender. The effect of this knowledge will be to throw into our banks most of the gold coin now in the United States which will be transmitted to the United States mint and be made into eagles.

It ought also to be recollected, that at the end of two years from the first of April last, all foreign *Silver Coin*, except Spanish dollars and parts thereof, ceases to be a legal tender in the U. States.

Phil. Gaz.

From the St. Louis Enquirer of July 7.

Military Expedition to the Upper Missouri.—The sixth Reg. of Infantry left Belle Fontain, Sunday 4th inst. in the steam boats Expedition, Johnson & Jefferson, and a number of keel boats and barges, furnished with sails, wheels and oars.

The officers of the sixth, attached to this expedition are—

Col. Atkinson,	*Lieuts.*	Wetmore,
Lt. Col Snelling,		Staniford,
Major Humphreys,		Clark,
Brevet Maj. Foster,		Wilcox,
Captains Reed,		Ellison,
Bliss,		Keeler,
Brevet Maj. Ketchum,		Bedel,
Captains Hamilton,		M'Elvain,
Boardman,		Brown,
Haile,		Mansfield,
Shaler,		Palmer,
Brevet Maj. Livingston,		Durand,
		Givin.

Surgeon Mower,—Surg. mate Nichol.

The officers of the Rifle who have preceded the sixth Infantry upon the same expedition are—

Col. Chambers,	Capt.	Gray,
Lt. Col. Morgan,	Lieuts.	Fields,
Adjt. Pentland,		Kavanaugh,
Quarter Master Palmer,		Scott,
Captains Martin,		Shannon,
Magee,		Keith,
Riley.		

Colonel Atkinson commands the expedition.

Gen. Jessup accompanies it to forward all the operations which depend upon the Quarter Master General's department.

Captain T. F. Smith of the Rifle goes up as Assistant adjutant General

Lieut. Talcott of the Engineers.

Major O'Fallon, U. S. Agent to the Indians on the Missouri, had preceded in the Western Engineer, but it is understood that his duties are equally connected with the success of both expeditions.

A multitude of paragraphs in different newspapers have assigned to Col. James Johnson of Kentucky a place of undefined and vague importance in this expedition. He in fact goes out with it, and we have taken some pains to ascertain the exact nature of his functions. We learn that he has contracted with the government to transport troops, provisions and munitions of war; that he has chosen steam boats for the transport vessels; and that the terms of the contract are sufficiently advantageous to have induced any other citizen to have done the same without drawing upon his patriotic fund.

No doubt is entertained upon the capacity of the expedition to reach the *Council Bluffs* in the month of August. The whole will winter there; and will erect a permanent work to be garrisoned by the sixth; on the opening of the spring the Rifle will proceed to the *Mandan Villages.*

Doubts are entertained upon the success of two of the steam boats; but it is believed that measures have been taken to prevent their loss from having any effect upon the progresss of the expedition.

Thus the public have at length the satisfaction to see fairly embarked this interesting expedition, on the success of which depends the accomplishment of such mighty objects for the American people—☞the transfer of the Fur trade from the English to the Americans—the extinction of British influence among American Indians—and the opening of a direct intercourse with India by the Columbia and Mississippi rivers.☜

The officers attached to the expedition are young men of the growth of the last war, distinguished for their professional character and gentlemanly deportment, and animated with all the zeal for the success of the enterprize which the interest of the country, and the honor of the administration which planned it, could require at their hands.

The name of *Fellow Stone* has been attached to this expedition, perhaps without much propriety. The *Council Bluffs* and the *Mandan Villages* are the only points indicated for military establishments. The former are but 650 miles above St. Louis, the latter 1600. They are both in what is called the Upper Missouri. This distinction takes place from the mouth of the river Platte. The Missouri from thence undergoes a sensible change. Its course is more directly from the north, less obstructed with *sawyers*, and every way better adapted to navigation. The face of the country also undergoes a change. Woodland is more seldom seen; vast and level plains, covered with grass, stretch before the eye; and the winds blow in steady gales and breezes as upon the bosom of the ocean. The aspect of the Heavens likewise announce the opening of a new region. The sky assumes a deeper blue; the sun shines with a brilliancy unknown further south; and the purity and transparency of the atmosphere gives a new flow to the spirits, and new powers to the vision. "The navigators of the Missouri regard the mouth of the Platte as sailors do the equinoctial line. All who had not passed it before were required to be shaved unless they could compromise for a treat. From this point the traders enter what they call *The Upper Missouri.*" (*Brackenridge.*)

The mouth of the Platte is 600 miles above St. Louis.

A newspaper recently commenced at the falls of the Black Warrior, states that another treaty will be held with the Choctaw Indians on the subject of an exchange of their land with the United States, for some west of the Mississippi. It is said that a deputation of the Indians have been to look at the country offered them, and they report in favor of an exchange. Should an exchange take place we shall get, we are told, most of the country through which the new military road passes from New Orleans to Nashville.

We learn that the Russian minister, whilst on an excursion to Mount Vernon, obtained, from a tree, growing over the tomb of Washington; a small branch sufficient to make a walking stick, which he intends sending to Russia, as a present for the emperor Alexander, in remembrance of our beloved Washington, with the simple motto of 'Mount Vernon' engraved on a small gold plate fixed on its head.—*Wash. City Gaz.*

ANTIQUE CURIOSITY.

On October 22d, 1777, Fort Mifflin was attacked by the British men of war and frigates, without success. The Augusta frigate and Merlin sloop of war grounded; the Augusta took fire, and blew up, the Merlin was hastily evacuated and burnt. Col. *Samuel Smith* of Baltimore commanded the fort.

Some few days since, an enterprising individual, in the habit of plying up and down the Delaware, succeeded in raising a gun belonging to one of the above vessels; it is a double fortified 24 pounder; and its high state of preservation, after having laid near 42 years in the water, makes it a subject of curiosity. It appears to have been cast in the reign of George the 1st. bearing his majesty's initials and arms. It now lies at our navy yard gate. *Frank. Gaz.*

EUROPEAN LIBRARIES.

There are thirty millions of volumes of printed works in the public libraries of Germany, besides the rich and splendid libraries of private individuals. This mass of literature does not include the academical dissertations, detached Memoirs, or pamphlets or MSS. In France, the total number of volumes amounts to 3,345,287; of which there are 125,347, in Paris alone. These are in public libraries; and of course, exclusive of immense collections of valuable works, which are to be found in the cabinets of private gentlemen.

Election.

The following gentlemen are Candidates for the offices to their names respectively attached.

For SHERIFF.—William M'Candless, Morgan Neville, William Lecky, Hugh Davis, William B. Foster, Edward Patchell, J. B. Oliver, James Crossan, Edward W. Smallman, David Glenn, James Park, James Blashford.

For COMMISSIONER.—James Sample, Charles Johnston.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the morning of the of Jnly, an indented servant girl, named ANN TAYLOR. It is supposed she was taken away by her mother, who left this place on the same morning. As Ann is a very worthless girl, the above reward but no thanks will be given for her apprehension. All persons are forbid harbouring her.

MARY ROBINSON.

Pittsburgh, August 6

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late GEORGE ROBINSON, esq. deceased, are for the last time requested to call & settle their respective accounts, on or before the 20th inst. All accounts remaining unsettled at that date, will be put in suit without selection.

G. V. ROBINSON, } Admrs.
W. E. ROBINSON, }

Pittsburgh, Aug. 2.

Postponment.

THE sale of Waggons, late the property of the Pittsburgh and Transporting Company is postponed for a short time.—Public notice will be given of the day appointed for the sale—at which time it will positively take place.

Pittsburgh, August 6.

Starch Manufactory.

THE subscriber takes the liberty to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has established a STARCH MANUFACTORY, about two miles from this city, near the Turnpike Road, where he is enabled to manufacture Starch of a quality not inferior to any made in England or America—He likewise makes FIG BLUE and HAIR POWDER of a superior quality.

Orders addressed to THOMAS ORBINE, at the Factory or T. C. LEE, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

July 27.

To Let,

AN eligible stand for business, in Market street between Third and Fourth streets—for terms apply at the warehouse of

BOSLER & CO.

Who have for sale a few hundred pounds of mixed and common

WOOL.

Pittsburgh, August 6, 1819——3t.

New-Jersey Navigation Lottery.

THE public are informed the *New Jersey Navigation Lottery* will commence drawing at Camden, opposite Philadelphia, on Thursday the 21st of October next, and will draw One Thousand Tickets each drawing day till completed.

It will be recollected that the numerous prizes in this Lottery are all payable without deduction, and although the prizes are payable sixty days after the conclusion of the drawing, should the fortunate holders desire it, they will receive a check on the Camden Bank the next day after they are drawn, on allowing the customary discount for prompt payment.

The Manager considers it a duty he owes a generous public, to inform them, that owing to the very rapid sale of Tickets in the above lottery, should any remain on hand on the first of August next they will be advanced to twelve dollars, and such paper only will be received in payment as will be taken at par in the Bank of Camden.

Josiah Harrison,
Manager.

Camden, July 21.

New-Jersey Navigation LOTTERY.

By authority of the State of New-Jersey, passed February 1819.

To be drawn at CAMDEN, opposite the city of PHILADELPHIA.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	20,000 Dollars	is	20,000
2	10,000 Dollars	is	20,000
4	5,000 Dollars	is	20,000
5	3,000 Dollars	is	15,000
6	2,000 Dollars	is	12,000
25	1,000 Dollars	is	25,000
20	500 Dollars	is	10,000
40	200 Dollars	is	8,000
60	100 Dollars	is	6,000
220	20 Dollars	is	4,400
7960	10 Dollars	is	79,600

8343 Prizes 16657 Blanks—Not two blanks to a prize.

STATIONARY PRIZES.

The first drawn Blank on the

1st day	$3,000	14th day	$1,000
2d	500	15th	1,000
3d	500	16th	1,000
4th	500	17th	1,000
5th	500	18th	2,000
6th	500	19th	2,000
7th	1,000	20th	2,000
8th	1,000	21st	3,000
9th	1,000	22d	3,000
10th	1,000	23d	5,000
11th	1,000	24th	10,000
12th	1,000	25th	20,000
13th	5,000		

WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

To draw THREE times a week, and 1000 numbers each day. Prizes payable without deduction, Sixty days after the drawing is completed, at the Camden Bank.

WHOLE TICKETS $11—SHARES in proportion.

Orders received at

TOWNE'S

Lottery & Exchange Office,

Corner of Third & Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

July 30.——6

I WILL GIVE

SIX CENTS, but neither costs nor thanks for apprehending and confining in Jail, my apprentice DANIEL PAUL, he is 19 years of age 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, stout built, fair hair and fair complexion. He absconded this day. I hereby caution all persons against employing or harbouring him.

THOS. FAIRMAN, Stone Cutter.

Pittsburgh July 20.

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well as the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON.
President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. 6t

Axes, adzes and augers
Balances patent
Bellows, smith
Brushes, an assort't
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles
Blank books,
Biscuit and crackers
Castings
Copper stills, counter weights
Castor frames and cruets
Chairs & cabinet ware, a variety
Cutlery, a variety,
Coffee Mills,
Domestic cloth & cord
Casinet and shawls
Drawing chains
Edge tools, a variety
Furniture mounting
Grindstones
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16
Gun barrels assorted
Hackles, hatchets and hoes
Hammers
Hats, an assortment
Iron, bar and rolled
Nails, an assortment
Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Planes
Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Plated Bridle Bitts, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Shot
Saddles, Men and Women's
Scale Beams
Steelyards
Sawmill Irons
Soap
Shovel and Tongs
Tobacco
Tin Ware
Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Tacks and Sprigs,
Clouts and Sparables,
Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Whiskey, rectified and common
Woffle Irons
Wire Work;

With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly received large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,
Plaids,
Sheeting,
Ticking,
Canton Crape,
Lace Shawls,
Viels,
Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLE SKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19. ——

The Copartnership

HERETOFORE existing between the subscribers under the firm of SAMUEL EDGAR & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands will please present them, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to George Sutton, who is duly authorised to settle the concerns of the firm.

Samuel Edgar,
George Sutton.

Pittsburgh, June 8, 1819.

To the Electors of Allegheny County.

FELLOW CITIZENS.

FROM solicitations of a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. Should you think me worthy of the trust, no exertions on my part shall be wanting to fill the office with fidelity, to the best of my abilities.

I am, gentlemen, your ob'dt. serv't
JAMES CROSSAN.

March 12, 1819.

Crate Warehouse.

H. LANGTRY & Co.

In Third, near Market street,

Have received in addition to their former stock

20 Crates Queensware

which will be sold low for cash. They have also received direct from England

50 CASKS & BUNDLES

HARDWARE,

Comprising a general assortment—consisting, in part, of

50 dozen WALDRON'S Grass and Grain SCYTHES,
Copper and patent metal Tea-kettles,
Sauce-pans, Coffee-mills, and Frying-pans,
Spades, Shovels, Anvils and Vices,
Cross-cut, mill, hand, pannel and brass-back'd SAWS,
Locks, latches, hinges, screws and bolts,
Table, desert, pen & pocket knives & carvers,
Straw, drawing, saddlers and curriers knives,
Shoe and butcher knives, razors and scissors,
Chissels, plane-irons, braces and bitts,
Squares, rules and compasses,
Files, rasps, combs and brushes,
Adzes, hammers and steelyards,
Brass wire and chain, Pulleys and scale-beams
Gun and Rifle locks, shot-belts and flints,
Common and plated SADDLERY,
30 faggots Crowley M. Steel

IN STORE,

Wrought and cut Nails, Soal Leather,
Prime SHAD—caught this season.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

15 *groce Eagle and Broom CARDS.*

Pittsburgh, June 18. 1aw8t.

William Crawford,

CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Market and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, April 30.——6m

Copartnership.

WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of

William Hill and Brothers,

who offer for sale on accomodating terms at their *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*

WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE

Pittsburgh January 1 1819.——tf

Just Manufactured & For Sale, AT TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh, at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also he exchanges between Eastern and Western unds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

Machine Cards.

The subscribers have lately received an assortment of

MACHINE CARDS,

(warranted of the best quality) from the manufactory of ISAAC SOUTHGATE, Leicester, Mass. which they are enabled to dispose of at the wholesale prices of the eastward, with the addition of carriage only.

BOSLER & Co.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1819. 1a3m

☞ The Cards are assorted so as to enable persons not desiring a full sett, to get any particular kind they may want.

To my Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE, that I have applied to the Judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny for the benefit of the laws of this commonwealth made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed Saturday, the 14th day of August next for the hearing of me and my creditors at the court-house, in the city of Pittsburgh, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper, and shew cause, if any you have, why I should not be discharged.

JOHN GILL.

Allegheny county Jail, July 13, 1819.

Bauduy's BRANDYWINE POWDER

110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

New-Jersey NAVIGATION LOTTERY,

By authority of the State of New-Jersey, passed February 1819.

To be drawn at CAMDEN, opposite the city of PHILADELPHIA.

SCHEME.

1	prize of 20,000 Dollars	is	20,000
2	10,000 Dollars	is	20,000
4	5,000 Dollars	is	20,000
5	3,000 Dollars	is	15,000
6	2,000 Dollars	is	12,000
25	1,000 Dollars	is	25,000
20	500 Dollars	is	10,000
40	200 Dollars	is	8,000
60	100 Dollars	is	6,000
220	20 Dollars	is	4,400
7960	10 Dollars	is	79,600

8343 Prizes- 16657 Blanks—Not two blanks to a prize.

FLOATING PRIZES.

1	Prize of 10,000 Dollars	is	10,000
2	5,000		10,000
2	3,000		6,000
3	2,000		6,000
15	1,000		15,000
15	500		75,00
40	200		8,000
60	100		6,000
220	20		4,400
7960	10		79,600

STATIONARY PRIZES.

The first drawn Blank on the

1st day	$3,000	14th day	$1,000
2d	500	15th	1,000
3d	500	16th	1,000
4th	500	17th	1,000
5th	500	18th	2,000
6th	500	19th	2,000
7th	1,000	20th	2,000
8th	1,000	21st	3,000
9th	1,000	22d	3,000
10th	1,000	23d	5,000
11th	1,000	24th	10,000
12th	1,000	25th	20,000
13th	5,000		

WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

To draw THREE times a week, and 1000 numbers each day. Prizes payable without deduction, Sixty days after the drawing is completed, at the Camden Bank.

25,000 Tickets at 10 Dols.

INTERNAL NAVIGATION, the object of the above scheme, must be allowed by all, to be of the highest importance to these United States and every good citizen must feel himself deeply interested on every intimation of undertakings, having Internal Improvement in view, being set on foot, and be desirous of aiding according to his abilities, towards the promotion thereof.

Under these impressions, the Commissioners in presenting the above Scheme to a generous public, feel a confidence of general and universal support and encouragement, but more particularly from their sister States, Pennsylvania, New-York, Delaware and Maryland; who, we may safely say, have never appealed in vain to their sister state of New-Jersey; but on the contrary, have been, and ever will be, generously supported by her, in the like and other improvements.

As to the Scheme, the commissioners have endeavoured to suit it to the circumstances of all The low price of tickets will preclude very few from an opportunity of securing an independence for life, or acquiring a very handsome remuneration for the trifle advanced.

The many rich prizes it contains, with the others, will all be paid without deduction at the Camden Bank, where the money received for the Tickets will be deposited immediately, for the sole use of the Lottery.

Although there are 25 Capital Stationary Prizes amounting to ☞$67,500, one for each drawing day, yet there remain afloat as many large and valuable prizes, amounting to the sum of $152,500, as are generally to be met with in a whole Scheme, and the whole payable without any deduction therefrom. And for the accommodation of the fortunate adventurers in this Lottery, who may wish to receive their money immediately, a provision will be made at the said Bank for the payment of the prizes the VERY DAY they are drawn, on allowing the customary discount, as in Philadelphia or New-York.

The Lottery will be drawn in Camden, opposite the city of Philadelphia, and the Manager flatters himself that such encouragement will be given by a generous public as will enable him in the course of a very few weeks, to announce in the papers of the several states, the day the drawing will commence.

Contractors will be allowed a liberal discount.

JOSIAH HARRISON, Manager.

Lucius Q. C. Elmer,
Josiah Brick,
John Trenchard, Jr.
Elias P. Reely, Jr. Esq.

Commissioners appointed by the Legislature

Camden, N. J. May 26, 1819.

☞ The sale of Tickets in the foregoing scheme is expected to be unusually brisk—It will therefore be the interest of adventurers to make early application, as tickets will soon be raised in price, Whole Tickets, Ten Dollars—Half Tickets, Five Dollars—Quarter Tickets, Two Dollars and fifty cents. All letters addressed to me must be post paid, and shall be answered by return of mail.

MILES H. HUGHES,
No. 31, Church Alley

William Hill & Brothers

Will receive at par for Merchandize, Notes of the following Banks,

DAYTON,
Urbana,
Lebanon,
Cincinnati,
Zanesville Canal Co.
Cleaveland & Canton.

Also most of the Banks of

KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE AND INDIANA.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1819.——2awtf.

Turnpike Notice.

THE Stockholders in the Pittsburgh & New Alexandria Turnpike Road Company, are required to pay to the treasurer of the Company the second installment of two and an half dollars on each share subscribed for by them repectively, against the first day of September next.

Subscribers in Allegheny county will pay their installments to James Johnston, esq. who is authorised to give receipts for the same.

By order of the Board—

JOHN A. GILCHRIST, Treas'r.

Salem Cross Roads, July 23.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

At their Warehouse in Market Street, between Second and Third streets,

PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin, &
Souchong
} TEAS of first qualiiy

Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,
Common ditto,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Muscovado ditto,
Spanish Cigars,
Common ditto,
Rice, Copperas,
English Refined Saltpetre,
Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nut megs.
Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Pepper, Mustard,
Madeira,
Teneriffe &
Lisbon
} WINES of a superior or quality

4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
ditto, Jamaica Spirits
Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Whiskey,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. mo2

FOR SALE,

50 groce Bonnet Boards,

Of a superior quality,

100 Reams WRAPPING PAPER,

Roll'd Iron, Nail & Spike Rods,

CUT NAILS.

THOMAS G. LEA & CO.

Pittsburgh, June 2.

FAMILY

MEDICINES.

Sodaic Powders,

For making Soda Water, in the highes degree of perfection.

BY means of these powders, a glass of Soda Water may be formed at pleasure, equally grateful, salutary and refreshing with what is made at the machine. They will be found particularly desirable to families in the country, travellers, &c. being put up in small boxes containing sufficient for twelve glasses of Soda Water.

WHITWELL'S
Volatile Aromatic Head Ache
SNUFF,

particularly serviceable for disorders of the head, and recommended to persons affected with *dull nervous head ache, catarrh, drowsiness, dimness of the eyes, deafnees, hypochondria, &c, &c.*

MILNOR'S
Hooping Cough Syrup,

A valuable medicine for Coughs, Astmah, and other complaints of the breast, &c.

PAUL'S
Columbian Oil,

Recommended for the cure of sprains, wounds, rheumatism, &c.

LEE'S
Windham Bilious Pills,

Celebrated for their efficacy in Bilious complaints, sick stomaah, head ache, &c.

Mahy's Plaister Cloth,

A sovereign remedy for ulcers, sore breasts, biles, sore legs, sprains, bruises, pains in the back, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Stomachic Elixir of Health,

For the cure of coughs, colds, consumption, the hooping cough, asthma, pains in the breast, bowel complaint, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Recommended for the cure of all nervous complaints, inward weakness, depression of the spirits, head ache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, excessive use of mercury, diseases peculiar to females, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Gout and Rheumatic Drops

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lombago, stone and gravel, swellings and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, pains in the head and face, frosted feet, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Stomachic Bitters,

Celebrated for strengthening a weak stomach encreasing the appetite, and a certain preventative and cure for the fever and ague, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Worm Destroying Lozenges,

Which will effectually expel every species of worms from the human body. Price 50 cents.

Dr. Dyott's
Anti-Bilious Pills,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and magnant fevers. Price 25 cents—large boxes 50 ents.

Dr. Dyott's Itch Ointment,

Dr Dyott's
Tooth Ache Drops,

Price 50 cents.

Circassian Eye Water,

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes Price 50 cents.

The Restorative Dentrifice,

For cleaning, whitening, and preserving the teeth and gums. Price 50 cents per box.

A supply of the above MEDICINES, just received and for Sale, by

JOHN G. O'BRIEN,
Druggist, Wood Street.

Pittburgh April 21, 1819.

M. P. Cassilly,

Market, between Third and Fourth streets,

IS OPENING

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

British, French, India and Domestic DRY GOODS,

Which he will sell cheap for Cash or at a short credit.

ALSO—GREEN COFFEE, by the bag.
BRANDY & WINES,
BENGAL INDIGO, by the keg.
FRESH RAISINS, by the box,

Kenhawa & Lake Salt,

BY THE BARREL.

Pittsburgh, June 25.

NOTICE.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between *RICHARD BOWEN, GEORGE BOWEN and TERENCE FARRELLY*, under the firm of Richard Bowen & Co. was dissolved on the first day of February last, by mutual consent.

T. FARRELLY.

Pittsburgh, June 29.

PATENT PLOUGHS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

BUTLER & LAMBDIN,

Continue their

Book and Job PRINTING OFFICE,

Where will be printed with the utmost despatch *BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.*

Mercantile Blanks;

SUCH AS

Cheeks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.

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Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases, Declarations, Protests, &c.

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ummons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Reference &c. for the city and counties.

HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS,

Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bauduy, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819.

Dupont's Brandywine POWDER

JUST RECEIVED, 230 KEGS CONSISTING OF

O P, F F g, F F r, FFr FFF g,

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POWDER For Sale, on low terms by

BOSLER, & Co.

November 18, 1818. tf.

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

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WESTERN CALCULATOR

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

In a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

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BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

POWDER.

Purviance's Genuine Rough & *GLAZED*

POWDER.

FOR SALE BY

M'DERMOTT & BARTRAM

Pittsburgh, June 4 3m